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**UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**  
Washington, D.C. 20549

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**FORM 10-Q**

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(Mark One)

**QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

**For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2016**

or

**TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15 (d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

**For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_**

**Commission File Number 000-54996**



**SOCIAL REALITY, INC.**

*(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)*

**Delaware**

*(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)*

**45-2925231**

*(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)*

**456 Seaton Street, Los Angeles, CA**  
*(Address of principal executive offices)*

**90013**  
*(Zip Code)*

**(323) 694-9800**  
*(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)*

**Not Applicable**  
*(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)*

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

YES  NO

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Website, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files).

YES  NO

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer   
Non-accelerated filer

Accelerated filer   
Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

YES  NO

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date. 29,977,925 shares of Class A common stock are issued and outstanding as of August 12, 2016.

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### CAUTIONARY STATEMENT REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING INFORMATION

This report includes forward-looking statements that relate to future events or our future financial performance and involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause our actual results, levels of activity, performance or achievements to differ materially from any future results, levels of activity, performance or achievements expressed or implied by these forward-looking statements. Words such as, but

not limited to, “believe,” “expect,” “anticipate,” “estimate,” “intend,” “plan,” “targets,” “likely,” “aim,” “will,” “would,” “could,” and similar expressions or phrases identify forward-looking statements. We have based these forward-looking statements largely on our current expectations and future events and financial trends that we believe may affect our financial condition, results of operation, business strategy and financial needs. Forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, statements about:

- our ability to grow our revenues and manage our gross margins;
- our history of losses;
- our limited operating history;
- the terms of the Financing Agreement and its impact on our business and operations;
- the impact of our debt obligations on our liquidity and financial condition;
- our possible need for additional financing and the requirement under the Financing Agreement to use the proceeds of any additional financings to reduce the obligations to the lender;
- risks associated with loss to access to the Facebook platform;
- risks associated with loss of access to real time bidding inventory buyers and RTB platforms;
- our dependence on a small number of customers;
- the continued appeal of Internet advertising;
- our dependence on our publishers;
- risks related to possible future acquisitions;
- the possible exercise of the put right by the holder of the Financing Warrant;
- the limited market for our Class A common stock;
- risks associated with material weaknesses in our internal control over financial reporting;
- anti-takeover provisions of Delaware law;
- the possible issuance of shares of our Class B common stock;

- the impact of penny stock rules on the trading in our Class A common stock;
- the impact of FINRA sales practice requirements on the market for our Class A common stock;
- dilution to our stockholders from the exercise of outstanding options and warrants, including those with cashless features; and
- the terms of indemnification agreements with our executive officers and directors.

You should read thoroughly this report and the documents that we refer to herein with the understanding that our actual future results may be materially different from and/or worse than what we expect. We qualify all of our forward-looking statements by these cautionary statements including those made in this report, in Part I. Item 1A. Risk Factors appearing in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015 and our other filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Other sections of this report include additional factors which could adversely impact our business and financial performance. New risk factors emerge from time to time and it is not possible for our management to predict all risk factors, nor can we assess the impact of all factors on our business or the extent to which any factor, or combination of factors, may cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in any forward-looking statements. Except for our ongoing obligations to disclose material information under the Federal securities laws, we undertake no obligation to release publicly any revisions to any forward-looking statements, to report events or to report the occurrence of unanticipated events. These forward-looking statements speak only as of the date of this report, and you should not rely on these statements without also considering the risks and uncertainties associated with these statements and our business.

### **OTHER PERTINENT INFORMATION**

When used in this report, the terms “Social Reality,” “we,” “us,” or “our” refers to Social Reality, Inc., a Delaware corporation, and our subsidiaries Steel Media, a California corporation which we refer to as "Steel Media," and Five Delta, Inc., a Delaware corporation which we refer to as "Five Delta." In addition, the "second quarter of 2016" refers to the three months ended June 30, 2016, the "second quarter of 2015" refers to the three months ended June 30, 2015, "2015" refers to the year ended December 31, 2015, and “2016” refers to the year ending December 31, 2016. The information which appears on our web sites [www.socialreality.com](http://www.socialreality.com), [www.steelmediainc.com](http://www.steelmediainc.com), [www.SRAX.com](http://www.SRAX.com), [www.sraxmd.com](http://www.sraxmd.com), [www.sraxapp.com](http://www.sraxapp.com), [www.sraxdi.com](http://www.sraxdi.com) and [www.groupad.com](http://www.groupad.com) are not part of this report.

## PART 1 - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

### ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

#### SOCIAL REALITY, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

|   | <u>June 30,</u><br><u>2016</u> | <u>December 31,</u><br><u>2015</u> |
|---|--------------------------------|------------------------------------|
|   | <u>(Unaudited)</u>             |                                    |
| <b>Assets</b>   |                                |                                    |
| <b>Current assets:</b>  |                                |                                    |
| Cash and cash equivalents   | \$ 674,820                     | \$ 1,091,186                       |
| Accounts receivable, net  | 8,351,466                      | 7,056,298                          |
| Prepaid expenses  | 322,833                        | 309,436                            |
| Other current assets  | 6,488                          | 36,090                             |
| Total current assets  | <u>9,355,607</u>               | <u>8,493,010</u>                   |
| Property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation of \$65,975 and \$42,295        | 35,433                         | 43,936                             |
| Goodwill  | 15,644,957                     | 16,314,957                         |
| Intangible assets, net  | 1,431,979                      | 1,611,744                          |
| Prepaid stock based compensation  | 56,341                         | 373,567                            |
| Other assets  | 34,659                         | 34,659                             |
| Total assets  | <u>\$ 26,558,976</u>           | <u>\$ 26,871,873</u>               |
| <b>Liabilities and Stockholders' equity</b>   |                                |                                    |
| <b>Current liabilities:</b>   |                                |                                    |
| Accounts payable and accrued expenses   | \$ 7,931,990                   | \$ 5,138,807                       |
| Notes payable, current portion, net of unamortized costs of \$1,088,168 and \$1,076,633 | 10,374,914                     | 1,378,367                          |
| Unearned revenue  | 45,042                         | 1,295                              |
| Contingent consideration payable to related party                                       | —                              | 7,585,435                          |
| Put liability   | 1,500,000                      | 1,436,282                          |
| Total current liabilities   | <u>19,851,946</u>              | <u>15,540,186</u>                  |

|  |                             |                             |
|--|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Notes payable, net of unamortized costs of \$0 and \$578,140   | —                           | 7,455,758                   |
| <b>Total liabilities</b>   | <b><u>19,851,946</u></b>    | <b><u>22,995,944</u></b>    |
| <b>Stockholders' equity:</b>   |                             |                             |
| Preferred stock, authorized 50,000,000 shares, \$0.001 par value, no shares issued and outstanding   | —                           | —                           |
| Class A common stock, authorized 250,000,000 shares, \$0.001 par value,<br>29,977,925 and 28,110,229 shares issued and outstanding at June 30, 2016<br>and December 31, 2015, respectively | 29,978                      | 28,110                      |
| Class B common stock, authorized 9,000,000 shares, \$0.001 par value,<br>no shares issued and outstanding  | —                           | —                           |
| Additional paid in capital   | 17,347,276                  | 13,989,590                  |
| Accumulated deficit  | <u>(10,670,224)</u>         | <u>(10,141,771)</u>         |
| <b>Total stockholders' equity</b>  | <b><u>6,707,030</u></b>     | <b><u>3,875,929</u></b>     |
| <b>Total liabilities and stockholders' equity</b>  | <b><u>\$ 26,558,976</u></b> | <b><u>\$ 26,871,873</u></b> |

The accompanying footnotes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

**SOCIAL REALITY, INC**  
**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS**  
**THREE AND SIX MONTH PERIODS ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 AND 2015**  
**(Unaudited)**

|   | Three Months ended<br>June 30, |                   | Six Months ended<br>June 30, |                       |
|---|--------------------------------|-------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------|
|   | 2016                           | 2015              | 2016                         | 2015                  |
| Revenues  | \$ 9,249,410                   | \$ 10,761,573     | \$ 14,718,746                | \$ 14,782,857         |
| Cost of revenue                                 | 6,262,807                      | 5,158,443         | 9,443,370                    | 7,400,918             |
| Gross profit                                    | 2,986,603                      | 5,603,130         | 5,275,376                    | 7,381,939             |
| Operating expense:                              |                                |                   |                              |                       |
| General, selling and administrative expenses    | 3,425,591                      | 4,252,752         | 7,230,691                    | 7,162,752             |
| Impairment of goodwill                          | 670,000                        | —                 | 670,000                      | —                     |
| Income (loss) from operations                   | (1,108,988)                    | 1,350,378         | (2,625,315)                  | 219,187               |
| Other income (expense):                         |                                |                   |                              |                       |
| Write off of contingent consideration           | 3,744,496                      | —                 | 3,744,496                    | —                     |
| Interest income (expense)                       | (762,307)                      | (934,787)         | (1,647,634)                  | (1,858,057)           |
|   | 2,982,189                      | (934,787)         | 2,096,862                    | (1,858,057)           |
| Income (loss) before provision for income taxes | 1,873,201                      | 415,591           | (528,453)                    | (1,638,870)           |
| Provision for income taxes                      | —                              | —                 | —                            | —                     |
| Net income (loss)                               | <u>\$ 1,873,201</u>            | <u>\$ 415,591</u> | <u>\$ (528,453)</u>          | <u>\$ (1,638,870)</u> |
| Net income (loss) per share, basic              | <u>\$ 0.06</u>                 | <u>\$ 0.02</u>    | <u>\$ (0.02)</u>             | <u>\$ (0.06)</u>      |
| Net income (loss) per share, diluted            | <u>\$ 0.06</u>                 | <u>\$ 0.01</u>    | <u>\$ (0.02)</u>             | <u>\$ (0.06)</u>      |



|  |                   |                   |                   |                   |
|--|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Weighted average shares outstanding, basic   | <u>29,932,470</u> | <u>26,911,285</u> | <u>29,757,224</u> | <u>26,879,029</u> |
| Weighted average shares outstanding, diluted | <u>32,691,023</u> | <u>29,520,556</u> | <u>29,757,224</u> | <u>26,879,029</u> |

The accompanying footnotes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

**SOCIAL REALITY, INC.**  
**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS**  
**SIX MONTH PERIODS ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 AND 2015**  
**(Unaudited)**

|   | Six Month Periods Ended<br>June 30, |                |
|---|-------------------------------------|----------------|
|   | 2016                                | 2015           |
| <b>Cash flows from operating activities:</b>  |                                     |                |
| Net loss  | \$ (528,453)                        | \$ (1,638,870) |
| <b>Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:</b> |                                     |                |
| Amortization of stock based prepaid fees  | 317,226                             | 317,226        |
| Stock based compensation  | 459,556                             | 446,683        |
| Amortization of debt issue costs  | 566,604                             | 628,370        |
| PIK interest expense accrued to principal   | 241,449                             | 176,966        |
| Impairment of Steel goodwill  | 670,000                             | —              |
| Write off of contingent consideration   | (3,744,496)                         | —              |
| Accretion of contingent consideration   | 159,061                             | 451,628        |
| Accretion of put liability  | 63,718                              | 84,528         |
| Depreciation and amortization   | 193,084                             | 9,447          |
| Bad debt expense  | 77,235                              | 51,195         |
| <b>Changes in operating assets and liabilities:</b>   |                                     |                |
| Accounts receivable   | (1,779,039)                         | (5,300,850)    |
| Prepaid expenses  | (13,396)                            | 80,273         |
| Other current assets  | 29,603                              | 4,902          |
| Other assets  | —                                   | (4,390)        |
| Accounts payable and accrued expenses   | 3,199,816                           | 4,928,211      |
| Unearned revenue  | 43,747                              | (2,655)        |
| <b>Cash (used) provided by operating activities</b>   | <b>(44,285)</b>                     | <b>232,664</b> |
| <b>Cash flows from investing activities:</b>  |                                     |                |
| Purchase of equipment   | (4,816)                             | —              |
| <b>Cash used by investing activities</b>  | <b>(4,816)</b>                      | <b>—</b>       |
| <b>Cash flows from financing activities:</b>  |                                     |                |
| Payment of contingent consideration   | (1,600,000)                         | —              |

|                                   |                   |                     |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|
| Proceeds from sale of units       | 500,000           | 6,921               |
| Proceeds from notes payable       | 2,100,000         | —                   |
| Repayments of note payable        | (1,367,265)       | (567,252)           |
| Cash used by financing activities | <u>(367,265)</u>  | <u>(560,331)</u>    |
| Net decrease in cash              | (416,366)         | (327,667)           |
| Cash, beginning of period         | 1,091,186         | 1,843,393           |
| Cash, end of period               | <u>\$ 674,820</u> | <u>\$ 1,515,726</u> |

Supplemental Schedule of Cash Flow Information:

|                        |                   |                   |
|------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Cash paid for interest | <u>\$ 606,956</u> | <u>\$ 462,887</u> |
| Cash paid for taxes    | <u>\$ —</u>       | <u>\$ —</u>       |

Non-cash financial activities:

|   |                     |             |
|---|---------------------|-------------|
| Common stock issued for payment of contingent consideration | <u>\$ 2,400,000</u> | <u>\$ —</u> |
|---|---------------------|-------------|

The accompanying footnotes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

**SOCIAL REALITY, INC.**  
**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**JUNE 30, 2016 AND 2015**  
**(Unaudited)**

**NOTE 1 – ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES.**

**Organization and Basis of Presentation**

Social Reality, Inc. ("Social Reality", "we", "us" or "the Company") is a Delaware corporation formed on August 2, 2011. Effective January 1, 2012 we acquired all of the member interests and operations of Social Reality, LLC, a California limited liability company formed on August 14, 2009, which began business in May of 2010, in exchange for 12,328,767 shares of our Class A and Class B common stock. The former members of Social Reality, LLC owned all of our common stock after the acquisition.

At Social Reality, we sell digital advertising campaigns to advertising agencies and brands. We have developed technology that allows brands to launch and manage digital advertising campaigns, and we provide the platform that allows website publishers to sell their media inventory to a number of digital advertising buyers. Our focus is to provide technology tools that enable both publishers and advertisers to maximize their digital advertising initiatives. We derive our revenues from:

- sales of digital advertising campaigns to advertising agencies and brands;
- sales of media inventory owned by our publishing partners through real-time bidding, or RTB, exchanges;
- sale and licensing of our SRAX Social platform and related media; and,
- creation of custom platforms for buying media on SRAX for large brands.

The core elements of this business are:

- *Social Reality Ad Exchange or "SRAX" – Real Time Bidding sell side and buy side representation* is our technology which assists publishers in delivering their media inventory to the real time bidding, or RTB, exchanges. The SRAX platform integrates multiple market-leading demand sources. We also build custom platforms that allow our agency partners to launch and manage their own RTB campaigns by enabling them to directly place advertising orders on the platform dashboard and view and analyze results as they occur;
- *SRAX MD* is our ad targeting and data platform for healthcare brands, agencies and medical content publishers. Healthcare and pharmaceutical publishers utilize the platform for yield optimization, audience extension campaigns and re-targeting of their healthcare professional audience. Agencies and brands purchase targeted digital and mobile ad campaigns;

- *SRAX Social* is a social media and loyalty platform that allows brands to launch and manage their social media initiatives. Our team works with customers to identify their needs and then helps them in the creation, deployment and management of their social media presence; and.
- *SRAX APP*, a recently launched new product, is a platform that allows publishers and content owners to launch native mobile applications through our SRA X platform.

We offer our customers a number of pricing options including cost-per-thousand-impression ("CPM"), whereby our customers pay based on the number of times the target audience is exposed to the advertisement, and cost-per-acquisition ("CPA"), whereby payment is triggered only when an individual takes a specific activity.

Social Reality is also an approved Facebook advertising partner. We sell targeted and measurable online advertising campaigns and programs to brand advertisers and advertising agencies across large Facebook apps and websites, generating qualified Facebook likes and quantifiable engagement for our clients, driving online sales and increased brand equity.

We are headquartered in Los Angeles, California.

**SOCIAL REALITY, INC.**  
**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**JUNE 30, 2016 AND 2015**  
**(Unaudited)**

**NOTE 1 – ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued).**

**Basis of Presentation**

The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements are unaudited. The unaudited interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("GAAP") and pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"). Certain information and note disclosures normally included in annual financial statements prepared in accordance with GAAP have been condensed or omitted pursuant to those rules and regulations, although the Company believes that the disclosures made are adequate to make the information not misleading.

These interim financial statements as of and for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 are unaudited; however, in the opinion of management, such statements include all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring accruals) necessary to present fairly the financial position, results of operations and cash flows of the Company for the periods presented. The results for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the year ending December 31, 2016 or for any future period. All references to June 30, 2016 and 2015 in these footnotes are unaudited.

These unaudited condensed financial statements should be read in conjunction with our audited financial statements and the notes thereto for the year ended December 31, 2015, included in the Company's annual report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC on March 16, 2016.

The condensed balance sheet as of December 31, 2015 has been derived from the audited financial statements at that date but do not include all disclosures required by the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Certain items have been reclassified to conform to the current period presentation.

**Principles of Consolidation**

The unaudited consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiaries. All material intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated in consolidation.

The unaudited consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its subsidiaries from the acquisition date of majority voting control and through the date of disposition, if any.

## **Use of Estimates**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("GAAP") require management of the Company to make estimates and assumptions in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from these estimates and assumptions.

The most significant areas that require management judgment and which are susceptible to possible change in the near term include the Company's revenue recognition, allowance for doubtful accounts and sales credits, stock-based compensation, income taxes, purchase price for acquisition, goodwill, other intangible assets, put rights and valuation of liabilities. The accounting policies for these areas are discussed elsewhere in these unaudited consolidated financial statements.

## **Cash and Cash Equivalents**

The Company considers all short-term highly liquid investments with a remaining maturity at the date of purchase of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

**SOCIAL REALITY, INC.**  
**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**JUNE 30, 2016 AND 2015**  
**(Unaudited)**

**NOTE 1 – ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued).**

**Revenue Recognition**

The Company recognizes revenue when the following criteria have been met: persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists, no significant Company obligations remain, collection of the related receivable is reasonably assured, and the fees are fixed or determinable. The Company acts as a principal in its revenue transactions as the Company is the primary obligor in the transactions. Revenue is recognized on a gross basis, and media and publisher expenses that are directly related to a revenue-generating event are recorded as a component of cost of revenue.

**Cost of Revenue**

Cost of revenue consists of payments to media providers and website publishers that are directly related to a revenue-generating event and project and application design costs. The Company becomes obligated to make payments related to media providers and website publishers in the period the advertising impressions, click-throughs, actions or lead-based information are delivered or occur. Such expenses are classified as cost of revenue in the corresponding period in which the revenue is recognized in the accompanying income statement.

**Accounts Receivable**

Credit is extended to customers based on an evaluation of their financial condition and other factors. Management periodically assesses the Company's accounts receivable and, if necessary, establishes an allowance for estimated uncollectible amounts. Accounts determined to be uncollectible are charged to operations when that determination is made. The Company usually does not require collateral. Allowance for doubtful accounts was \$212,677 and \$135,442 at June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively.

**Concentration of Credit Risk, Significant Customers and Supplier Risk**

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to concentration of credit risk consist of cash and cash equivalents and accounts receivable. Cash and cash equivalents are deposited in the United States. The balances in the United States held at any one financial institution are generally in excess of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance limits. The uninsured cash bank balances were approximately \$175,000 at June 30, 2016. The Company has not experienced any loss on these accounts. The balances are maintained in demand accounts to minimize risk.



At June 30, 2016, one customer accounted for more than 10% of the accounts receivable balance, for a total of 59%. For the six months ended June 30, 2016 one customer accounted for 62% of total revenue. At June 30, 2015, three customers accounted for more than 10% of the accounts receivable balance, for a total of 80%. For the six months ended June 30, 2015 two customers accounted for 63% of total revenue.

### **Fair Value of Financial Instruments**

The Company's financial instruments, including cash and cash equivalents, net accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued expenses, are carried at historical cost. At June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015 the carrying amounts of these instruments approximated their fair values because of the short-term nature of these instruments.

### **Property and equipment**

Property and equipment is stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. Depreciation is provided on the straight line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets of three to seven years.

**SOCIAL REALITY, INC.**  
**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**JUNE 30, 2016 AND 2015**  
**(Unaudited)**

**NOTE 1 – ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued).**

Expenditures for repair and maintenance which do not materially extend the useful lives of property and equipment are charged to operations. When property or equipment is sold or otherwise disposed of, the cost and related accumulated depreciation are removed from the respective accounts with the resulting gain or loss reflected in operations. Management periodically reviews the carrying value of its property and equipment for impairment.

**Intangible assets**

Intangible assets consist of intellectual property and a non-complete agreement and are stated at cost less accumulated amortization. Amortization is provided for on the straight line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets of five to six years.

**Business Combinations**

For all business combinations (whether partial, full or step acquisitions), the Company records 100% of all assets and liabilities of the acquired business, including goodwill, generally at their fair values; contingent consideration, if any, is recognized at its fair value on the acquisition date and, for certain arrangements, changes in fair value are recognized in earnings until settlement and acquisition-related transaction and restructuring costs are expensed rather than treated as part of the cost of the acquisition.

**Goodwill**

Our goodwill consists of the excess purchase price paid in business combinations over the fair value of assets acquired. Goodwill is considered to have an indefinite life.

The Company employs the non-amortization approach to account for goodwill. Under the non-amortization approach, goodwill is not amortized into the results of operations, but instead is reviewed annually or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the asset might be impaired, to assess whether the fair value exceeds the carrying value. The Company performs its annual goodwill and impairment assessment on September 30 of each year.

When evaluating the potential impairment of goodwill, we first assess a range of qualitative factors, including but not limited to, macroeconomic conditions, industry conditions, the competitive environment, changes in the market for the Company's products and services, regulatory and political developments, entity specific factors such as strategy and changes in key personnel, and the overall financial performance for each of the Company's

reporting units. If, after completing this assessment, it is determined that it is more likely than not that the fair value of a reporting unit is less than its carrying value, we then proceed to a two-step impairment testing methodology using the income approach (discounted cash flow method).

In the first step of the two step testing methodology, we compare the carrying value of the reporting unit, including goodwill, with its fair value, as determined by its estimated discounted cash flows. If the carrying value of a reporting unit exceeds its fair value, we then complete the second step of the impairment test to determine the amount of impairment to be recognized. In the second step, we estimate an implied fair value of the reporting unit's goodwill by allocating the fair value of the reporting unit to all of the assets and liabilities other than goodwill (including any unrecognized intangible assets). If the carrying value of a reporting unit's goodwill exceeds its implied fair value, the Company records an impairment loss equal to the difference in that period.

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**NOTE 1 – ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued).**

When required, we arrive at our estimates of fair value using a discounted cash flow methodology which includes estimates of future cash flows to be generated by particular assets, as well as selecting a discount rate to measure the present value of those anticipated cash flows. Estimating future cash flows requires significant judgment and includes making assumptions about projected growth rates, industry-specific factors, working capital requirements, weighted average cost of capital, and current and anticipated operating conditions. The use of different assumptions or estimates for future cash flows could produce different results.

During the six months ended June 30, 2016, we determined that a portion of the goodwill assigned to Steel Media acquisition has become impaired. Accordingly, we recorded a goodwill impairment charge of \$670,000 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016. The impairment charge represents the excess of the carrying amount of the goodwill recorded in the acquisition over the implied fair value of the goodwill. The implied fair value of the goodwill is the residual fair value based on an income approach using discounted cash flow model using revenue and profit forecasts. No impairment of goodwill has been recorded in the three or six months ended June 30, 2015.

**Long-lived Assets**

Management evaluates the recoverability of the Company's identifiable intangible assets and other long-lived assets when events or circumstances indicate a potential impairment exists. Events and circumstances considered by the Company in determining whether the carrying value of identifiable intangible assets and other long-lived assets may not be recoverable include, but are not limited to: significant changes in performance relative to expected operating results; significant changes in the use of the assets; significant negative industry or economic trends; a significant decline in the Company's stock price for a sustained period of time; and changes in the Company's business strategy. In determining if impairment exists, the Company estimates the undiscounted cash flows to be generated from the use and ultimate disposition of these assets. If impairment is indicated based on a comparison of the assets' carrying values and the undiscounted cash flows, the impairment loss is measured as the amount by which the carrying amount of the assets exceeds the fair value of the assets. No impairments have been recorded in either the six months ended June 30, 2016 or 2015.

**Loss Per Share**

We use ASC 260, "Earnings Per Share" for calculating the basic and diluted earnings (loss) per share. We compute basic earnings (loss) per share by dividing net income (loss) by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding. Diluted earnings (loss) per share is computed based on the weighted average number of shares of common stock plus the effect of dilutive potential common shares outstanding during the period using the

treasury stock method. Dilutive potential common shares include outstanding stock options and warrants and stock awards. For periods with a net loss, basic and diluted loss per share are the same, in that any potential common stock equivalents would have the effect of being anti-dilutive in the computation of net loss per share.

There were 12,983,682 common share equivalents at June 30, 2016 and 13,735,471 at June 30, 2015. For the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 these potential shares were excluded from the shares used to calculate diluted earnings per share as their inclusion would reduce net loss per share. The dilutive effect of potential common shares for the three months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 totaled 2,758,553 shares and 2,609,271 shares; respectively.

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**NOTE 1 – ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued).**

**Income Taxes**

We utilize ASC 740 "Income Taxes" which requires the recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities for the expected future tax consequences of events that have been included in the financial statements or tax returns. Under this method, deferred income taxes are recognized for the tax consequences in future years of differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their financial reporting amounts at year-end based on enacted laws and statutory tax rates applicable to the periods in which the differences are expected to affect taxable income.

The Company recognizes the impact of a tax position in the financial statements only if that position is more likely than not of being sustained upon examination by taxing authorities, based on the technical merits of the position. Our practice is to recognize interest and/or penalties related to income tax matters in income tax expense.

**Stock-Based Compensation**

We account for our stock based compensation under ASC 718 "Compensation – Stock Compensation" using the fair value based method. Under this method, compensation cost is measured at the grant date based on the value of the award and is recognized over the service period, which is usually the vesting period. This guidance establishes standards for the accounting for transactions in which an entity exchanges its equity instruments for goods or services. It also addresses transactions in which an entity incurs liabilities in exchange for goods or services that are based on the fair value of the entity's equity instruments or that may be settled by the issuance of those equity instruments.

We use the fair value method for equity instruments granted to non-employees and use the Black-Scholes model for measuring the fair value of options. The stock based fair value compensation is determined as of the date of the grant or the date at which the performance of the services is completed (measurement date) and is recognized over the vesting periods.

**Business Segments**

The Company uses the "management approach" to identify its reportable segments. The management approach designates the internal organization used by management for making operating decisions and assessing performance as the basis for identifying the Company's reportable segments. Using the management approach, the Company determined that it has one operating segment due to business similarities and similar economic characteristics.

## Liquidity

The Company had an accumulated deficit at June 30, 2016 of \$10,670,224. As of June 30, 2016 we had approximately \$675,000 in cash and cash equivalents and a deficit in working capital of \$10,496,339 as compared to \$1,100,000 in cash and cash equivalents and a deficit in working capital of \$7,047,176 at December 31, 2015. Due to the Steel acquisition and additional product offerings, the Company believes it has established an ongoing source of revenue that is sufficient to cover its operating costs over the next twelve months. Management's plans to continue as a going concern include raising additional capital through borrowing and sales of common stock.

## Recently Issued Accounting Standards

In April 2016, the Financial Accounting Standards Board, or FASB, issued Accounting Standards Update, or ASU, No. 2016-10, Identifying Performance Obligations and Licensing (Topic 606), which amends certain aspects of the FASB's new revenue standard, ASU 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customer (Topic 606). ASU 2016-10 identifies performance obligations and provides licensing implementation guidance. The effective date for ASU 2016-10 is the same as the effective date of ASU No. 2014-09. ASU No. 2015-14 (Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606): Deferral of Effective Date) defers the effective date of ASU No. 2014-09 by one year, for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this standard on its consolidated financial statements.

### **NOTE 1 – ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued).**

In March 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-09, Compensation - Stock Compensation (Topic 718), which is part of the FASB's Simplification Initiative. The updated guidance simplifies the accounting for share-based payment transactions. The amended guidance is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2016, with early adoption permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this standard on its consolidated financial statements.

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In March 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-08, Revenue from Contracts with Customer (Topic 606): Principal versus Agent Considerations (Reporting Revenue Gross versus Net), or ASU 2016-08, that clarifies how to apply revenue recognition guidance related to whether an entity is a principal or an agent. ASU 2016-08 clarifies that the analysis must focus on whether the entity has control of the goods or services before they are transferred to the customer and provides additional guidance about how to apply the control principle when services are provided and when goods or services are combined with other goods or services. The effective date for ASU 2016-08 is the same as the effective date of ASU No. 2014-09. ASU No. 2015-14 defers the effective date of ASU No. 2014-09 by one year, for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this standard on its consolidated financial statements.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-02, Leases (Topic 842), which establishes a new lease accounting model for lessees. The updated guidance requires an entity to recognize assets and liabilities arising from a lease for both financing and operating leases, along with additional qualitative and quantitative disclosures. The amended guidance is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2018, with early adoption permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this standard on its consolidated financial statements.

In April 2015, the FASB issued ASU No. 2015-3, Simplifying the Presentation of Debt Issuance Costs ("ASU 2015-3") which changes the presentation of debt issuance costs in financial statements to present such costs as a direct deduction from the related debt liability rather than as an asset. ASU 2015-3 became effective for public companies during interim and annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2015. The Company adopted this ASU on January 1, 2016. The adoption of this ASU did not have a material impact to our consolidated financial statements.

Management does not believe that any other recently issued, but not yet effective, accounting standards if currently adopted would have a material effect on the accompanying financial statements.

## **NOTE 2 – ACQUISITIONS.**

### Acquisition of Steel Media

On October 30, 2014, we acquired 100% of the capital stock of Steel Media, a California corporation ("Steel Media"), from Richard Steel pursuant to the terms and conditions of a stock purchase agreement, dated October 30, 2014, by and among the Company, Steel Media and Mr. Steel (the "Stock Purchase Agreement").

As consideration for the purchase of Steel Media, we agreed to pay Mr. Steel up to \$20 million, consisting of: (i) a cash payment at closing of \$7.5 million; (ii) a cash payment of \$2 million which is being held in escrow to satisfy certain indemnification obligations to the extent such arise under the



Stock Purchase Agreement; (iii) a one year secured subordinated promissory note in the principal amount of \$2.5 million (the "Note") which was secured by 2,386,863 shares of our Class A common stock (the "Escrow Shares"); and (iv) earn out payments of up to \$8 million (the "Earn Out Consideration").

**NOTE 2 – ACQUISITIONS (continued).**

The Earn Out Consideration target was achieved for the first earn out period ended October 31, 2015 and on January 29, 2016 we paid Mr. Steel \$4 million, of which \$1.6 million was paid in cash and the balance was paid through the issuance of 1,283,766 shares of our Class A common stock in accordance with the terms of the Stock Purchase Agreement. The Company determined the Earn Out Consideration would not be achieved for the second earn out period ended October 31, 2016. As a result, the Company reversed the second earn out liability of \$3,744,496 during the three and six months ended June 30, 2016. At June 30, 2016, we did not record a liability for the Earn Out Consideration. At December 31, 2015, we recorded \$7,585,435 associated with the first and second earn out periods.

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Acquisition of Five Delta, Inc.

On December 19, 2014, we acquired 100% of the outstanding capital stock of Five Delta, Inc., a Delaware corporation ("Five Delta"), in exchange for 600,000 shares of our Class A common stock pursuant to the terms and conditions of the Share Acquisition and Exchange Agreement dated December 19, 2014 (the "Five Delta Agreement") by and among Social Reality, Five Delta and the stockholders of Five Delta. The acquisition price was \$756,000.

**NOTE 3 – NOTES PAYABLE**

Financing Agreement with Victory Park Management, LLC as agent for the lenders

On October 30, 2014 (the "Financing Agreement Closing Date"), the Company entered into a financing agreement (the "Financing Agreement") with Victory Park Management, LLC, as administrative agent and collateral agent for the lenders and holders of notes and warrants issued thereunder (the "Agent"). The Financing Agreement provides for borrowings of up to \$20 million to be evidenced by notes issued thereunder, which are secured by a first priority, perfected security interest in substantially all of the assets of the Company and its subsidiaries (including Steel Media) and a pledge of 100% of the equity interests of each domestic subsidiary of the Company pursuant to the terms of a pledge and security agreement (the "Pledge and Security Agreement") entered into by the Company on the Financing Agreement Closing Date (which was joined by Steel Media immediately after the Company's acquisition of Steel Media). The Financing Agreement contains covenants limiting, among other things, indebtedness, liens, transfers or sales of assets, distributions or dividends, and merger or consolidation activity. The notes (the "Financing Notes") issued pursuant to the Financing Agreement, including the note issued to the lender thereunder in the original aggregate principal amount of \$9 million on the Financing Agreement Closing Date (the "Initial Financing Note") and the subsequent notes described below, bear interest at a rate per annum equal to the sum of (1) cash interest at a rate of 10% per annum and (2) payment-in-kind (PIK) interest at a rate of 4% per annum for the period commencing on the Financing Agreement Closing Date and extending through the last day of the calendar month during which the Company's financial statements for December 31, 2014 are delivered, and which PIK interest rate thereafter from time to time may be adjusted based on the ratio of the Company's consolidated indebtedness to its earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization. If the Company achieves a reduction in the leverage ratio as described in the Financing Agreement, the PIK interest rate declines on a sliding scale from 4% to 2%. The Financing Notes issued under the Financing Agreement are scheduled to mature on October 30, 2017, with scheduled quarterly payment dates commencing December 31, 2014. Proceeds from the Initial Financing Note issued on the Financing Agreement Closing Date were used to finance, in part, the Company's acquisition of Steel Media as described in Note 2.

The Financing Agreement provides for subsidiaries of the Company to join the Financing Agreement from time to time as borrowers and cross guarantors thereunder. Immediately after the Company's acquisition of Steel Media on October 30, 2014, Steel Media executed a joinder agreement under which it became a borrower under the Financing Agreement. The Company and its subsidiary, Steel Media, are cross guarantors of each other's obligations under the Financing Agreement, all of which guaranties and obligations are secured pursuant to the terms of the Pledge and Security

Agreement.

On May 14, 2015, we entered into the First Amendment to Financing Agreement with Victory Park Management, LLC, as administrative agent and collateral agent for the lenders. Under the terms of the amendment, the leverage ratio, senior leverage ratio, fixed charge coverage ratio and interest coverage ratio under the Financing Agreement were all modified, and the minimum current ratio was reduced. The amendment also modified our obligations with respect to the delivery of certain reports, certain representations by us as well as clarifying other additional terms by which the loan is administered.

**NOTE 3 – NOTES PAYABLE (continued).**

On July 6, 2015, we borrowed an additional \$1,500,000 pursuant to the Financing Agreement. The loan funded on July 8, 2015. In connection therewith, we issued a Senior Secured Term Note to the lender in the principal amount of \$1,500,000. The Senior Secured Term Note has terms identical to the Initial Financing Note described above. The Senior Secured Term Note will mature on October 30, 2017. We used the proceeds from this additional draw under the Financing Agreement for working capital.

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On October 26, 2015, we borrowed an additional \$1,400,000 pursuant to the Financing Agreement. The loan funded on October 26, 2015. In connection therewith, we issued a Senior Secured Term Note to the lender in the principal amount of \$1,400,000. The Senior Secured Term Note has terms identical to the Initial Financing Note described above. The Senior Secured Term Note will mature on October 30, 2017. We used the proceeds from this additional draw under the Financing Agreement towards the payment of the Note due Richard Steel described in Note 2, and for working capital.

On January 26, 2016, we borrowed an additional \$1,600,000 pursuant to the financing agreement with Victory Park Management, LLC. The loan funded on January 28, 2016. In connection therewith, we issued a Senior Secured Term Note to the lender in the principal amount of \$1,600,000. The Senior Secured Term Note has terms identical to the Initial Financing Note described above. The Senior Secured Term Note will mature on October 30, 2017. We used the proceeds from this additional draw under the Financing Agreement as a portion of the payment to Mr. Richard Steel of the first year Earn Out Consideration described in Notes 2 and 6.

On February 16, 2016, we borrowed an additional \$500,000 pursuant to the Financing Agreement with Victory Park Management, LLC. The loan funded on February 16, 2016. In connection therewith, we issued a Senior Secured Term Note to the lender in the principal amount of \$500,000. The Senior Secured Term Note has terms identical to the Initial Financing Note described above. The Senior Secured Term Note will mature on October 30, 2017. We used the proceeds from this additional draw under the Financing Agreement as working capital.

For the six months ended June 30, 2016, we made principal payments of approximate \$1,367,000.

Notes payable consists of the following:

|   | <u>June 30,<br/>2016</u> | <u>December 31,<br/>2015</u> |
|---|--------------------------|------------------------------|
| Current portion of note payable                               | \$ 11,463,082            | \$ 2,455,000                 |
| Non-current portion of note payable                           | —                        | 8,033,898                    |
| Total note payable including PIK interest                     | 11,463,082               | 10,488,898                   |
| Less deferred financing costs                                 | (1,088,168)              | (1,654,773)                  |
| Notes payable and PIK interest accrued, net of deferred costs | \$ 10,374,914            | \$ 8,834,125                 |

During the three months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, \$121,166 and \$88,299, respectively, were recorded as PIK interest expense. During the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, \$241,449 and \$176,966, respectively, were recorded as PIK interest expense.



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**NOTE 3 – NOTES PAYABLE (continued).**

Pursuant to the Financing Agreement dated October 31, 2014, the Company also issued to the lender thereunder, on the Financing Agreement Closing Date, a five year warrant to purchase 2,900,000 shares of its Class A common stock at an exercise price of \$1.00 per share (the "Financing Warrant"). The warrant holder may not, however, exercise the Financing Warrant for a number of shares of Class A common stock that would cause such holder to beneficially own shares of Class A common stock in excess of 4.99% of the Company's outstanding shares of Class A common stock following such exercise. The number of shares issuable upon exercise of the Financing Warrant and the exercise price therefor are subject to adjustment in the event of stock splits, stock dividends, recapitalizations and similar corporate events. Pursuant to the Financing Warrant, the warrant holder has the right, at any time after the earlier of April 30, 2016 and the maturity date of the Financing Notes issued pursuant to the Financing Agreement, but prior to the date that is five years after the Financing Agreement Closing Date, to exercise its put right under the terms of the Financing Warrant, pursuant to which the warrant holder may sell to the Company, and the Company will purchase from the warrant holder, all or any portion of the Financing Warrant that has not been previously exercised. In connection with any exercise of this put right, the purchase price will be equal to an amount based upon the percentage of the Financing Warrant for which the put right is being exercised, multiplied by the lesser of (A) 50% of the total revenue for the Company and its subsidiaries, on a consolidated basis, for the trailing 12-month period ending with the Company's then-most recently completed fiscal quarter, and (B) \$1,500,000. We have recorded the put liability at its present value of \$1,500,000 at June 30, 2016.

As contemplated under the Financing Agreement, the Company also entered into a registration rights agreement on the Financing Agreement Closing Date (the "Financing Registration Rights Agreement") with the holder of the Financing Warrant, pursuant to which the Company granted to such holder certain "piggyback" rights to register the shares of the Company's Class A common stock issuable upon exercise of the Financing Warrant. Specifically, the holder of the Financing Warrant has the right, subject to certain allocation provisions set forth in the Financing Registration Rights Agreement, to include the shares underlying the Financing Warrant in registration statements for offerings by the Company of its Class A common stock, as well as offerings of the Company's Class A common stock held by third parties. The shares underlying the Financing Warrant were included in a registration statement on Form S-1 that was declared effective by the Securities and Exchange Commission in October 2015.

As part of the arrangements under the Financing Agreement, the Agent, Mr. Steel, and the Company and Steel Media (as borrowers under the Financing Agreement) have also entered into a subordination agreement (the "Subordination Agreement") under which Mr. Steel agreed, subject to the terms and conditions of the Subordination Agreement, to subordinate to the lenders and holders of Financing Notes and the Financing Warrant issued under the Financing Agreement (i) certain obligations, liabilities, and indebtedness, including, without limitation, payments under the Note and payments of Earn Out Consideration, which may be owed to him by the Company; and (ii) during the time the Note was outstanding a put right we granted him if in the event of a default under the Note. As set forth above, the Note was paid in full in October 2015 and the put right was terminated upon such payment.

Activity for the put liability during the six months ended June 30, 2016 was:

|               | <b>December 31,<br/>2015</b> | <b>Activity<br/>During<br/>the Period</b> | <b>Accretion<br/>in Value</b> | <b>June 30,<br/>2016</b> |
|---------------|------------------------------|---|-------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Put liability | \$ 1,436,282                 | \$ —                                      | \$ 63,718                     | \$ 1,500,000             |
| Total         | <u>\$ 1,436,282</u>          | <u>\$ —</u>                               | <u>\$ 63,718</u>              | <u>\$ 1,500,000</u>      |

We incurred a total of \$3,164,352 of costs related to the Financing Agreement. These costs will be amortized to interest expense over the life of the debt. During the three months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, \$271,748 and \$308,435, respectively of debt issuance costs were amortized. During the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, \$566,604 and \$628,370, respectively of debt issuance costs were amortized. As of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, capitalized debt costs had a balance of \$1,088,169 and \$1,654,773, respectively.

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**NOTE 3 – NOTES PAYABLE (continued).**

As of June 30, 2016, The Company was not in compliance with one or more covenants under terms of the Financing Agreement. The Financing Agreement covenant violations constitute an event of default which, at the election of the Victory Park Management LLC, could result in the acceleration of the unpaid principal loan balance and accrued interest under the Financing Agreement. Additional disclosure is described in Note 9-Subsequent Events.

**NOTE 4 – STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY.**

Preferred Stock

We are authorized to issue 50,000,000 of preferred stock, par value \$0.001, of which 200,000 shares were designated as Series 1 Preferred Stock. Our board of directors, without further stockholder approval, may issue preferred stock in one or more series from time to time and fix or alter the designations, relative rights, priorities, preferences, qualifications, limitations and restrictions of the shares of each series. The rights, preferences, limitations and restrictions of different series of preferred stock may differ with respect to dividend rates, amounts payable on liquidation, voting rights, conversion rights, redemption provisions, sinking fund provisions and other matters. Our board of directors may authorize the issuance of preferred stock, which ranks senior to our common stock for the payment of dividends and the distribution of assets on liquidation. In addition, our board of directors can fix limitations and restrictions, if any, upon the payment of dividends on both classes of our common stock to be effective while any shares of preferred stock are outstanding.

On August 16, 2013 our Board of Directors approved a Certificate of Designations, Rights and Preferences pursuant to which it designated a series consisting of 200,000 shares of its blank check preferred stock as Series 1 Preferred Stock. The designations, rights and preferences of the Series 1 Preferred Stock are as follows:

- each share has a stated and liquidation value of \$0.001 per share,
- the shares do not pay any dividends, except as may be declared by our Board of Directors, and are not redeemable,
- the shares do not have any voting rights, except as may be provided under Delaware law,
- each share is convertible into 10 shares of our Class A common stock, subject to customary anti-dilution provisions in the event of stock splits, recapitalizations and similar corporate events, and
- the number of shares of Series 1 Preferred Stock, as well as the number of shares of Class A common stock issued upon a conversion of shares of Series 1 Preferred Stock, that a holder may sell, transfer, assign, hypothecate or otherwise dispose of (collectively or severally, a "Disposition") at any one time shall be limited to an amount which is pari passu to any Disposition of Class A common



stock by either Christopher Miglino and/or Erin DeRuggiero, executive officers and directors of our company. Notwithstanding anything contained in the designations, the holder of Series 1 Preferred Stock is not obligated to make any Dispositions of Series 1 Preferred Stock or Class A common stock issued upon the conversion of Series 1 Preferred Stock.

Following the conversion of the remaining shares of our Series 1 Preferred Stock during 2015 into shares of our Class A Common Stock, in February 2016 we filed a Certificate of Elimination with the Secretary of State of Delaware returning all shares of previously designated Series 1 Preferred Stock to our blank check preferred stock.

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**NOTE 4 – STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (continued).**

Common Stock

We are authorized to issue an aggregate of 259,000,000 shares of common stock. Our certificate of incorporation provides that we will have two classes of common stock: Class A common stock (authorized 250,000,000 shares, par value \$0.001), which has one vote per share, and Class B common stock (authorized 9,000,000 shares, par value \$0.001), which has ten votes per share. Any holder of Class B common stock may convert his or her shares at any time into shares of Class A common stock on a share-for-share basis. Otherwise the rights of the two classes of common stock are identical. There were no shares of Class B common stock outstanding during either the 2015 or 2016 periods.

On February 23, 2016 our Board of Directors approved the adoption of our 2016 Equity Compensation Plan (the “2016 Plan”) and reserved 3,000,000 shares of our Class A common stock for grants under this plan. The terms of the 2016 Plan, which is administered by our Board of Directors, are identical to those of our 2012 Plan and 2014 Plan. We have reserved 3,000,000 shares of our Class A common stock for awards under the 2016 Plan.

Common Stock

During January 2016 and February 2016, we received aggregate proceeds of \$500,000 from the sale of 500,000 shares of our Class A common stock.

During January 2016, we issued 1,283,766 shares of Class A common stock, valued at \$2,400,000, to Richard Steel as partial payment of the first year Earn Out Consideration.

During February 2016, we issued 33,930 shares of Class A common stock, valued at \$47,500, to members of our board of directors for services.

On February 23, 2016, we issued an aggregate of 50,000 shares of our Class A common stock valued at \$70,000 as partial compensation for services under the terms of a consulting agreement.

Stock Awards

During February 2016, we granted an aggregate of 33,930 shares of our Class A common stock awards to four directors. The shares were vested upon grant. We recorded \$47,500 of compensation expense related to these awards. During April 2016, we granted a total of 100,000 shares of our Class A common stock awards to an employee. We have recorded a total of \$17,292 in compensation expense related to these awards.

During the six months ended June 30, 2016, we recorded expense of \$209,254 related to stock awards granted in prior years. During the six months ended June 30, 2015, we recorded expense of \$303,842 related to stock awards granted in prior years.

During the three months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, we recorded expense relating to stock awards granted in prior years of \$97,794 and \$117,822, respectively.

Awards in the amount of 30,000 common shares were forfeited during 2016.

### Stock Options and Warrants

During three months ended June 30, 2016, we granted an aggregate of 30,000 stock options to one employee. The options will vest over three years. The options have an exercise price of \$1.33 per share and a term of five years. These options have a grant date fair value of \$1.07 per option, determined using the Black Scholes method based on the following assumptions: (1) risk free interest rate of 0.35%; (2) dividend yield of 0%; (3) volatility factor of the expected market price of our common stock of 115%; and (4) an expected life of the options of 5 years. We have recorded an expense for the options of \$445 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016, respectively.

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**NOTE 4 – STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (continued).**

During the three months ended June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015, we recorded expense of \$66,173 and \$68,828, respectively, related to stock options granted in the prior years but vested in current period. During six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, we recorded expense of \$115,507 and \$142,841, respectively, relating to stock options granted in the prior years but vested in current period.

Awards in the amount of 210,000 options were forfeited during 2016.

**NOTE 5 – INTANGIBLE ASSETS.**

Intangible assets consist of the following:

|                          | <u>June 30,<br/>2016</u> | <u>December 31,<br/>2015</u> |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------|
| Non-compete agreement    | \$ 1,250,000             | \$ 1,250,000                 |
| Intellectual property    | 756,000                  | 756,000                      |
|                          | <u>2,006,000</u>         | <u>2,006,000</u>             |
| Accumulated amortization | (574,021)                | (394,256)                    |
| Carrying value           | <u>\$ 1,431,979</u>      | <u>\$ 1,611,744</u>          |

Amortization expense was \$37,800 for intellectual property and \$52,083 for the non-compete agreement for the three months ended June 30, 2016. Amortization expense was \$75,600 for intellectual property and \$104,165 for the non-compete agreement for the six months ended June 30, 2016. No amortization expense was recorded for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015.

**NOTE 6 – RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS.**

We are obligated to Mr. Steel for contingent Earn Out Consideration of up to \$8,000,000 incurred in connection with the acquisition of Steel Media, as described in Note 2 upon Steel Media meeting certain EBITDA measurements. The Company had initially recorded the liability at its present value of \$6,584,042. Changes in the value will be recorded through the statement of operations. The Earn Out Consideration target was achieved for the first earn out period ended October 31, 2015 and on January 29, 2016 we paid Mr. Steel \$4 million, of which \$1.6 million was paid in cash and the balance was paid through the issuance of 1,283,766 shares of our Class A common stock in accordance with the terms of the Stock Purchase Agreement. As

discussed in Note 2, during the three months ended June 30, 2016 the Company determined the Earn Out Consideration would not be achieved for the second earn out period ended October 31, 2016. The Company determined the fair value of the second Earn Out Consideration to be zero as of June 30, 2016.

Activity for the contingent consideration payable was:

|  | <u>June 30,<br/>2016</u> | <u>December 31,<br/>2015</u> |
|--|--------------------------|------------------------------|
| Balance, beginning of year                     | \$ 7,585,435             | \$ 6,732,123                 |
| Accretion in value                             | 159,061                  | 853,312                      |
| Payment made                                   | (4,000,000)              | —                            |
| Reversal of second year Earn Out Consideration | (3,744,496)              | —                            |
| Balance, June 30 2016                          | <u>\$ —</u>              | <u>\$ 7,585,435</u>          |

**SOCIAL REALITY, INC.**  
**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**JUNE 30, 2016 AND 2015**  
**(Unaudited)**

**NOTE 7 – ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED EXPENSES.**

Accounts payable and accrued expenses are comprised of the following:

|                         | <u>June 30,<br/>2016</u>   | <u>December 31,<br/>2015</u> |
|-------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------------|
| Accounts payable, trade | \$ 5,810,402               | \$ 3,003,642                 |
| Accrued expenses        | 987,846                    | 45,450                       |
| Accrued compensation    | 143,676                    | 659,262                      |
| Accrued commissions     | 990,066                    | 1,430,453                    |
| <b>Total</b>            | <u><u>\$ 7,931,990</u></u> | <u><u>\$ 5,138,807</u></u>   |

**NOTE 8 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES.**

Operating Leases

The Company leases offices under operating leases with lease terms which expire through September 30, 2021. Rent expense for office space amounted to \$140,500 and \$76,021 for the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively. Rent expense for office space amounted to \$76,409 and \$37,720 for the three months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

Other Commitments

In the ordinary course of business, the Company may provide indemnifications of varying scope and terms to customers, vendors, lessors, business partners, and other parties with respect to certain matters, including, but not limited to, losses arising out of the Company's breach of such agreements, services to be provided by the Company, or from intellectual property infringement claims made by third parties. In addition, the Company has entered into indemnification agreements with its directors and certain of its officers and employees that will require the Company to, among other things, indemnify them against certain liabilities that may arise by reason of their status or service as directors, officers or employees. The Company has also agreed to indemnify certain former officers, directors and employees of acquired companies in connection with the acquisition of such companies. The Company maintains director and officer insurance, which may cover certain liabilities arising from its obligation to indemnify its directors and certain of its officers and employees, and former officers, directors and employees of acquired companies, in certain circumstances.

It is not possible to determine the maximum potential amount of exposure under these indemnification agreements due to the limited history of prior indemnification claims and the unique facts and circumstances involved in each particular agreement. Such indemnification agreements may not be subject to maximum loss clauses.

### Employment agreements

We have entered into employment agreements with a number of our employees. These agreements may include provisions for base salary, guaranteed and discretionary bonuses and option grants. The agreements may contain severance provisions if the employees are terminated without cause, as defined in the agreements.

**SOCIAL REALITY, INC.**  
**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**JUNE 30, 2016 AND 2015**  
**(Unaudited)**

**NOTE 8 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (continued).**

Litigation

From time to time, the Company may become subject to legal proceedings, claims and litigation arising in the ordinary course of business. In addition, the Company may receive letters alleging infringement of patent or other intellectual property rights. The Company is not currently a party to any material legal proceedings, nor is the Company aware of any pending or threatened litigation that would have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, operating results, cash flows or financial condition should such litigation be resolved unfavorably.

**NOTE 9 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

The terms of the Financing Agreement require us to maintain certain financial covenants, including leverage ratios, senior leverage ratios, fixed charge coverage ratios, interest coverage ratios and minimum current ratios. As of June 30, 2016, we are not in compliance with these ratios and we are currently negotiating the terms of a forbearance agreement with Victory Park Management, LLC. We expect that the terms of the forbearance agreement will provide that the lenders will not assert an event of default under the Financing Agreement related to our non-compliance with the financial ratios through December 31, 2016, and will require us to take certain actions to satisfy all amounts we owe under the Financing Agreement by December 31, 2016. There are no assurances, however, that we will be successful in negotiating the terms of the forbearance agreement, in which event the lender could declare the Financing Agreement in default and accelerate all amounts we owe thereunder.



## ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS.

The following discussion of our financial condition and results of operations for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 should be read in conjunction with the condensed consolidated financial statements and the notes to those statements that are included elsewhere in this report. Our discussion includes forward-looking statements based upon current expectations that involve risks and uncertainties, such as our plans, objectives, expectations and intentions. Actual results and the timing of events could differ materially from those anticipated in these forward-looking statements as a result of a number of factors, including those set forth under the Item 1A, Risk Factors, Cautionary Notice Regarding Forward-Looking Statements and Business sections in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015, this report, and our other filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission. We use words such as “anticipate,” “estimate,” “plan,” “project,” “continuing,” “ongoing,” “expect,” “believe,” “intend,” “may,” “will,” “should,” “could,” and similar expressions to identify forward-looking statements. In addition, any statements that refer to projections of our future financial performance, our anticipated growth and trends in our businesses, and other characterizations of future events or circumstances are forward-looking statements. Such statements are based on our current expectations and could be affected by the uncertainties and risk factors described throughout this report.

### Overview

We are an Internet advertising and platform technology company that provides tools to automate the digital advertising market. We have built technologies and leveraged partner technologies that service social media and the real-time bidding (RTB) markets. Our focus is to provide technology tools that enable both publishers and advertisers to maximize their digital advertising initiatives. We derive our revenues from:

- sales of digital advertising campaigns to advertising agencies and brands;
- sales of media inventory through RTB exchanges;
- sale and licensing of our SRAX Social platform and related media; and,
- creation of custom platforms for buying media on SRAX for large brands.

The core elements of our business are:

- *Social Reality Ad Exchange or "SRAX" – Real Time Bidding sell side and buy side representation* is our technology which assists publishers in delivering their media inventory to the real time bidding, or RTB, exchanges. The SRAX platform integrates multiple market-leading demand sources. We also build custom platforms that allow our agency partners to launch and manage their own campaigns by enabling them to directly place advertising orders on the platform dashboard and view and analyze results as they occur;

- *SRAX MD* is our ad targeting and data platform for healthcare brands, agencies and medical content publishers. Healthcare and pharmaceutical publishers utilize the platform for yield optimization, audience extension campaigns and re-targeting of their healthcare professional audience. Agencies and brands purchase targeted digital and mobile ad campaigns;

- *SRAX Social* is a social media and loyalty platform that allows brands to launch and manage their social media initiatives. Our team works with customers to identify their needs and then helps them in the creation, deployment and management of their social media presence; and

- *SRAX APP*, a recently launched new product, which is a platform that allows publishers and content owners to launch native mobile applications through our SRAX app platform.

We offer our customers a number of pricing options including cost-per-thousand-impression ("CPM"), whereby our customers pay based on the number of times the target audience is exposed to the advertisement, and cost-per-engagement ("CPE"), whereby payment is triggered only when an individual takes a specific activity.

In 2015 we completed the technology needed to both operate the buy side of our SRAX platform and the buy side of SRAX MD, and launched our SRAX APP which we expect to begin contributing to our revenues in during the second half of 2016. The SRAX APP is a free platform that provides online publishers an opportunity to distribute their content via a branded mobile application that updates automatically as they publish new content to their website. The platform also allows publishers the opportunity to bring in influencer feeds from Facebook, Instagram, YouTube and Twitter that are relevant to their content.

As described elsewhere herein, during the second quarter of 2016 it was determined that as a result of the results of the historic Steel Media operations year to date that it is more likely than not that Steel Media will not achieve the Adjusted EBITDA results necessary to enable Mr. Steel to earn the year two Earn Out Consideration under the terms of the Stock Purchase Agreement dated October 30, 2014 pursuant to which we acquired Steel Media. The adjusted EBITDA target which must be met in order for Mr. Steel to earn the second Earn Out Consideration is approximately \$4.9 million for the 2016 period. As a result of this determination, during the second quarter of 2016 we reversed the accrual for this possible future payment which resulted in one-time other income to us of \$3,744,496.

During 2016 we expect to continue to enhance all of our technology offerings of SRAX, SRAX Social, SRAX MD and SRAX APP. We are now in the marketing and monetization phases of these technologies and our efforts are focused on the continued growth of our sales and marketing efforts of these platforms, with the goal of eliminating the dependence on revenues from a limited number of customers.

## *Results of operations*

### **Selected Consolidated Financial Data**

|                         | Second Quarter Ended June 30, |                     |          | Six Months Ended June 30, |                     |          |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------|----------|---------------------------|---------------------|----------|
|                         | 2016<br>(unaudited)           | 2015<br>(unaudited) | change   | 2016<br>(unaudited)       | 2015<br>(unaudited) | change   |
| Revenues                | \$ 9,249,410                  | \$ 10,761,573       | (14.1)%  | \$ 14,718,746             | \$ 14,782,857       | (≤1)%    |
| Cost of revenue         | 6,262,807                     | 5,158,443           | 21.4%    | 9,443,370                 | 7,400,918           | 27.6%    |
| Gross margin percentage | 32.3%                         | 52.1%               | (19.8)%  | 35.8%                     | 49.9%               | (14.1)%  |
| Operating expenses      | 4,095,591                     | 4,252,752           | (3.7)%   | 7,900,691                 | 7,162,752           | 10.3%    |
| Operating income (loss) | (1,108,988)                   | 1,350,378           | (132.5)% | (2,625,315)               | 219,187             | (892.1)% |
| Other income (expense)  | 2,982,189                     | (934,787)           | 419.0%   | 2,096,862                 | (1,858,057)         | 213.8%   |
| Net income (loss)       | \$ 1,873,201                  | \$ 415,591          | 350.7%   | \$ (528,453)              | \$ (1,638,870)      | 67.8%    |

## *Revenue*

Decrease in our revenues during the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 from the same time in 2015 are due to slight decline in sales in our buy side and sell side clients and the media bought and sold. The decrease in sales from certain buy side and sell side clients is partially offset

with growth in SRAX MD during the three months and six months ended June 30, 2016. As described below, during the 2016 periods revenues from one historic Steel Media customer at increasingly reduced margins accounted for a significant portion of our total revenues during the first six months of 2016. In an effort to mitigate the impact of these revenues on our overall operating results, subsequent to the end of the second quarter of 2016 we have taken several actions including hiring of additional sales personnel in an effort to broaden our customer base, internally reallocating our sales resources in an effort to broaden our product offerings to additional buy-side clients and exploring new channels of revenue.

### *Cost of revenue*

Cost of revenue consists of certain labor costs, payments to website publishers and others that are directly related to a revenue-generating event and project and application design costs. During the second quarter of 2016 and the six months then ended our gross margin declined substantially as a result of an increase in our cost of revenue as a percentage of our revenues. Cost of revenue as a percent of revenue increased to 67.7% for the second quarter of 2016 and 64.2% for the six months ended June 30, 2016 as compared to 47.9% and 50.0%, respectively, for the comparable periods in 2015. These increases are due to changes in the product mix of sales to a historic Steel Media buy-side client for the periods. During the six months ended June 30, 2016 revenues from this customer, which were at the significantly reduced margins, accounted approximately 34% of our total revenues.

Approximately 98% and 97%, respectively, of cost of revenue was attributable to payments to website publishers and other media providers for the second quarter of 2016 and the six months ended June 30, 2016 as compared to 99% in each of the second quarter of 2015 and the six months ended June 30, 2015. The balance was attributable to labor costs and project and application design costs.

As described above, during the third quarter of 2016 we have taken certain actions which we hope will result in an increase in both revenues and margins in future periods. Until such time, however, as we are able to return our gross margins to near historic levels our results of operations and cash flows in future periods will be adversely impacted.

### *Operating expense*

Our operating expenses are comprised of salaries, commissions, marketing and general overhead expenses. Overall, our operating expense decreased in both the second quarter of 2016 and the six months then ended from the comparable periods in 2015. The decrease in the 2016 periods is primarily attributable to reductions in salaries, commissions and payroll expenses which was offset by an impairment of goodwill recorded in the acquisition of Steel Media in the amount of \$670,000 during the second quarter of 2016.

We have recently expanded our sales force in conjunction with our efforts to increase our sales on higher margin product offerings. We expect that our operating expense will increase in future quarters commensurate with the expected growth of our business.

### *Other income (expense)*

For the six months ended June 30, 2016, other income principally represents the reversal of the second Earn Out Consideration of \$3,744,496 which Mr. Steel would have been entitled to receive as described elsewhere herein. This non-cash item is considered a one-time occurrence and is not considered part of normal operations.

### *Interest income (expense)*

Interest expense in the 2016 and 2015 periods represents interest under notes issued pursuant to the Financing Agreement and interest expense in the 2015 periods also includes the costs associated with the note issued to Mr. Steel as partial consideration for the purchase of Steel Media described elsewhere in this report. The expense also includes amortization of debt costs and the accretion of contingent consideration and the put liability associated with the Steel Media acquisition. The increase in interest expense in the second quarter of 2016 and the six months then ended reflects the satisfaction of the note to Mr. Steel in October 2015, offset by interest associated with increased borrowings under the Financing Agreement during 2015 and the first quarter of 2016.

### *Non-GAAP financial measures*

We use Adjusted net (loss) to measure our overall results because we believe it better reflects our net results by excluding the impact of non-

cash equity based compensation. We use Adjusted EBITDA to measure our operations by excluding interest and certain additional non-cash expenses. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 we also excluded the one-time adjustment related to the reversal of the possible future contingent payment to Mr. Steel for the second year Earn Out Consideration as described elsewhere herein, together with an impairment in a portion of the carrying value of the goodwill for Steel Media which we recorded in conjunction with our acquisition of that company in 2014. We believe the presentation of Adjusted net (loss) and Adjusted EBITDA enhances our investors' overall understanding of the financial performance of our business.

You should not consider Adjusted net (loss) and Adjusted EBITDA as an alternative to net income (loss), determined in accordance with GAAP, as an indicator of operating performance. A directly comparable GAAP measure to Adjusted net (loss) and Adjusted EBITDA is net (loss). The following is a reconciliation of net (loss) to Adjusted net (loss) and Adjusted EBITDA for the periods presented:

| (unaudited, in thousands)            | Three Months Ended June 30, |          | Six Months Ended June 30, |            |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|----------|---------------------------|------------|
|                                      | 2016                        | 2015     | 2016                      | 2015       |
| Net income (loss)                    | \$ 1,873                    | \$ 416   | \$ (528)                  | \$ (1,639) |
| plus:                                |                             |          |                           |            |
| Equity based compensation            | 340                         | 448      | 777                       | 865        |
| Adjusted net income (loss)           | \$ 2,213                    | \$ 864   | \$ 248                    | \$ (774)   |
| Reversal of contingent consideration | (3,744)                     | —        | (3,744)                   | —          |
| Impairment of goodwill               | 670                         | —        | 670                       | —          |
| Interest expense                     | 762                         | 935      | 1,648                     | 1,858      |
| Depreciation and amortization        | 94                          | 5        | 193                       | 10         |
| Adjusted EBITDA                      | \$ (5)                      | \$ 1,804 | \$ (986)                  | \$ 1,094   |

### *Liquidity and capital resources*

Liquidity is the ability of a company to generate sufficient cash to satisfy its needs for cash. The Company had an accumulated deficit at June 30, 2016 of \$10,670,224. As of June 30, 2016 we had approximately \$675,000 in cash and cash equivalents and a deficit in working capital of \$10,496,339 as compared to \$1,100,000 in cash and cash equivalents and a deficit in working capital of \$7,047,176 at December 31, 2015. Our current assets decreased 10.2% at June 30, 2016 as compared to December 31, 2015 which is primarily attributable to an increase in accounts receivable offset by a decrease in cash. Our current liabilities decreased 21.6% at June 30, 2016 as compared to December 31, 2015 which is primarily the result of the decrease in contingent consideration, which represents the payment of the first year Earn Out Consideration Mr. Steel received in January 2016 and the reversal of the accrual for the second year Earn Out Consideration, offset by an increase in accounts payable and accrued expenses and the current portion of notes payable, which reflects additional borrowings under the Financing Agreement and scheduled increases in payment under the terms of the agreement. Due to the Steel acquisition and additional product offerings, the Company believes it has established an ongoing source of revenue that is sufficient to cover its operating costs over the next twelve months. Management's plans to continue as a going concern include raising additional capital through borrowings and sales of equity securities. However, at this time we do not have firm commitments from any third parties regarding either method of increasing our working capital.

Our principal sources of operating capital have historically been equity and debt financing. During the fourth quarter of 2014 we entered into the Financing Agreement with Victory Park Management, LLC, as administrative agent and collateral agent for the lenders which is described below. In May 2015 we entered into the First Amendment to Financing Agreement with Victory Park Management, LLC, as administrative agent and collateral agent for the lenders. Under the terms of the amendment, the leverage ratio, senior leverage ratio, fixed charge coverage ratio and interest coverage

ratio under the Financing Agreement were all modified, and the minimum current ratio was reduced. The amendment also modified our obligations with respect to the delivery of certain reports, certain representations by us as well as clarifying other additional terms by which the loan is administered.

The Financing Agreement provides for borrowings of up to \$20 million. Our obligations to Victory Park Management, LLC are secured by a first priority, perfected security interest in substantially all of our assets, including those of our subsidiaries, and a pledge of 100% of the equity interests of each of our domestic subsidiaries pursuant to the terms of a Pledge and Security Agreement. As of June 30, 2016 we have drawn a total of \$14.0 million under the Financing Agreement, of which \$9 million was used in connection with the initial acquisition of Steel Media in 2014, an additional \$1.4 million was used in the payment of the Steel Note at its maturity in October 2015 and \$1.6 million was used for the cash portion of the first year Earn Out Consideration to Mr. Steel in January 2016. The balance of the funds we have drawn under the Financing Agreement have been used for working capital. In 2015, we made payments to Victory Park Management, LLC against the draws aggregating \$1.9 million. During the six months ended June 30, 2016, we also made payments to Victory Park Management, LLC against the draws aggregating \$1.4 million.

We do not have any commitments for capital expenditures. The terms of the Financing Agreement require us to allocate a significant portion of our expected future cash flow to satisfying obligations under that agreements. Under the terms of the Financing Agreement, we are obligated to make:

- monthly interest payments, inclusive of payment-in-kind, or PIK interest, of approximately \$140,000,



- quarterly amortization payments of 2.5% of principal in year one of the loan, resulting in principal payments of approximately \$225,000 per quarter in the first year of the loan, increasing to 5% of principal in year two of the loan and further increasing to 10% of principal in year three of the loan;
- quarterly mandatory prepayments on the loan, in an amount calculated as 50% of excess cash flow as defined in the Financing Agreement, of EBITDA less amortization and interest payments, plus associated prepayment penalties;
- payments of proceeds from asset sales, proceeds of debt or equity financings, certain extraordinary receipts (including tax refunds and indemnification payments received in connection with any acquisition), and the proceeds of any taking or destruction of collateral; and
- other selected cash outlays, such as late charges, yield maintenance premiums, costs and expenses.

The initial net effect of the required payments under the Financing Agreement was anticipated to equal the majority of the cash flow generated from Steel Media's operations. As a result of the decline in margins to certain buy-side clients discussed elsewhere herein, cash flow from Steel Media's operations has significantly declined which is requiring us to use to allocate cash flow from other operations to satisfy these required payments under the Financing Agreement. This reallocation of cash, combined with the reduction in margins on certain of the historic Steel Media clients, is adversely impacting our cash flow. The terms of the Financing Agreement require us to maintain certain financial covenants, including leverage ratios, senior leverage ratios, fixed charge coverage ratios, interest coverage ratios and minimum current ratios. We are not in compliance with these ratios and we are currently negotiating the terms of a forbearance agreement with Victory Park Management, LLC. We expect that the terms of the forbearance agreement will provide that the lenders will not assert an event of default under the Financing Agreement related to our non-compliance with the financial ratios through December 31, 2016, and will require us to take certain actions to satisfy all amounts we owe under the Financing Agreement by December 31, 2016. We are also engaged in early stages discussions with a number of third parties in an effort to secure a combination of equity capital to which would be used to satisfy a portion of the amounts due under the Financing Agreement coupled with an alternative lending relationship. There are no assurances, however, that we will be successful in these efforts.

Other than cash generated from operations and the Financing Agreement, we do not have any external sources of liquidity. While the Financing Agreement provides that we can borrow up to \$20 million in total, at June 30, 2016 we have \$11.5 million outstanding under the Financing Agreement and our ability to access any additional funds under it is at the discretion of the lender. Based upon our non-compliance with the financial ratios we do not expect that the lender will consent to any additional draws under the Financing Agreement. In the event we should be unsuccessful in negotiating a forbearance agreement related to the financial ratios, or if any other event of default should occur under the terms of the Financing Agreement, remedies for the lender range from notice and cure, to acceleration of both principal and interest. Upon an event of default under the Financing Agreement, if we were unable to cure the default within the prescribed periods, if at all, the lender could increase our interest rates or accelerate all amounts then due. If we were unable to repay these obligations, the lender could foreclose on our assets and collateral, in which case our ability to continue our business and operations as then conducted would be in jeopardy. If the lender should foreclose on our assets, it is likely you would lose your entire investment in our company.

#### *Net Cash Used in Operating Activities*

Net cash used in operating activities was \$44,285 during the six months ended June 30, 2016 compared to net cash provided in operating activities of \$232,644 for the comparable period in 2015. The period to period change was primarily attributable to a reduction of the second year Earn

Out Consideration and decrease in accounts payables partially offset with an increase in accounts receivables and an increase in net income (after adjusting for non-cash expenses).

*Net Cash Provided Used in Investing Activities*

During the six months ended June 30, 2016 net cash used in investing activities was \$4,816 associated with the purchase of equipment. We did not use or generate any cash from investing activities for the six months ended June 30, 2015.

*Net Cash Provided Used by Financing Activities*

During the six months ended June 30, 2016 net cash used by financing activities was \$367,265 which represented the proceeds from draws under the Financing Agreement, net of costs and repayments and the cash portion of the payment to Mr. Steel of the first year Earn Out Consideration. During the comparable period in 2015, we used \$560,331 of cash in financing activities which is primarily attributable to the repayment of amounts due under the Financing Agreement.

## **Critical accounting policies**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reported periods. The more critical accounting estimates include estimates related to revenue recognition and accounts receivable allowances. We also have other key accounting policies, which involve the use of estimates, judgments and assumptions that are significant to understanding our results, which are described in Note 1 to our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements appearing elsewhere in this report.

## **Recent accounting pronouncements**

The recent accounting standards that have been issued or proposed by the FASB or other standards-setting bodies that do not require adoption until a future date are not expected to have a material impact on our financial statements upon adoption.

## **Off balance sheet arrangements**

As of the date of this report, we do not have any off-balance sheet arrangements that have or are reasonably likely to have a current or future effect on our financial condition, changes in financial condition, revenues or expenses, results of operations, liquidity, capital expenditures or capital resources that are material to investors. The term "off-balance sheet arrangement" generally means any transaction, agreement or other contractual arrangement to which an entity unconsolidated with us is a party, under which we have any obligation arising under a guarantee contract, derivative instrument or variable interest or a retained or contingent interest in assets transferred to such entity or similar arrangement that serves as credit, liquidity or market risk support for such assets.

## **ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK.**

Not applicable for a smaller reporting company.

## **ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES.**

*Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures.* We maintain "disclosure controls and procedures" as such term is defined in Rule 13a-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. In designing and evaluating our disclosure controls and procedures, our management recognized that disclosure controls and procedures, no matter how well conceived and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the objectives of disclosure controls and procedures are met. Additionally, in designing disclosure controls and procedures, our management necessarily was required to apply its judgment in evaluating the cost-benefit relationship of possible disclosure controls and procedures. The design of any disclosure controls and procedures also is based in part upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions. Based on their evaluation as of the end of

the period covered by this report, our Chief Executive Officer and our Chief Financial Officer have concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were not effective to ensure that the information relating to our company, required to be disclosed in our Securities and Exchange Commission reports (i) is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in SEC rules and forms, and (ii) is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure as a result of continuing material weaknesses in our internal control over financial reporting identified in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015. Subsequent to the end of the period covered by this report we engaged a full-time Chief Financial Officer. We expect to remediate all material weaknesses in our internal control over financial reporting prior to the end of 2016.

*Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting.* During the second quarter of 2016 in an effort to remediate our material weaknesses in internal control over financial reporting we instituted further segregation of duties and we added additional level of review. Other than these changes, there have been no changes in our internal control over financial reporting during our last fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

## PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

### ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS.

None.

### ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS.

In addition to the other information set forth in this report, you should carefully consider the risk factors discussed in Part I, Item 1A in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015 and our subsequent filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission, which could materially affect our business, financial condition or future results, subject to the new or modified risk factors appearing below that should be read in conjunction with the risk factors disclosed in such Form 10-K. These cautionary statements are to be used as a reference in connection with any forward-looking statements. The factors, risks and uncertainties identified in these cautionary statements are in addition to those contained in any other cautionary statements, written or oral, which may be made or otherwise addressed in connection with a forward-looking statement or contained in any of our subsequent filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

***Since our acquisition of Steel Media, we have become dependent on revenues from a limited number of customers. The decline in total revenues from a principal customer, or a change in margins from this customer, will adversely impact our results of operations in future periods so long as revenues from this customer represent a material portion of our total revenues.***

For the six months ended June 30, 2016 revenues for one customer accounted for 62% of our total revenues and at June 30, 2016, three customers accounted for 80% of our accounts receivable. For 2015 revenues from this customer accounted for 48% of our total revenues and at December 31, 2015, this customer accounted for 38% of our accounts receivable. While we have continued reporting revenues from this customer in the first half of 2016 a significant portion of sales to this customer have been made a significantly lower margins as a result of a change in the type of sales being generated. In an effort to mitigate the impact of these low margin revenues from this one customer, during the third quarter of 2016 we have taken several actions including hiring of additional sales personnel in an effort to broaden our customer base, internally reallocating our sales resources in an effort to broaden our product offerings to additional buy-side clients and exploring new channels of revenue. Until such time as we are successful in returning our overall gross margins to near historic levels, continuing sales to this customer at the significantly lower margin level could have material adverse impact on our results of operations and cash flows in future periods.

***The terms of the Financing Agreement contain financial and operating terms which place significant operating demands on our company, may restrict our ability to efficiently operate our business, or could result in significant financial penalties. We are not in compliance with certain financial covenants. If the lender were to assert an event of default, the lender could accelerate the amounts due under the Financing Agreement and we would be unable to operate our business as it is presently conducted.***

As described elsewhere in this report, the terms of the Financing Agreement include ongoing requirements to, among other actions, meet

financial covenants including minimum leverage and current ratios, and interest and fixed charge coverages. The decline in cash flow from the historic Steel Media operations as a result of the concentration on sales to a buy-side customer at unfavorable margins is adversely impacting our ability to satisfy our obligations to the lender. We are currently not in compliance with the financial ratios and we do not expect to regain compliance prior to December 31, 2016. We are currently negotiating the terms of a forbearance agreement with Victory Park Management, LLC. We expect that the terms of the forbearance agreement will provide that the lenders will not assert an event of default under the Financing Agreement related to our non-compliance with the financial ratios through December 31, 2016, and will require us to take certain actions to satisfy all amounts we owe under the Financing Agreement by December 31, 2016. There are no assurances, however, that we will be successful in these efforts. The Financing Agreement contains various other events of default. Upon default, remedies range from notice and cure, to acceleration of both principal and interest. In addition, our operations may not generate sufficient cash to enable us to service our debt. Upon an event of default under the Financing Agreement, if we were unable to cure the default within the prescribed periods, if at all, the lender could increase our interest rates or accelerate all amounts then due. We do not presently have sufficient funds to satisfy these obligations nor do we have any firm commitments from any third parties to provide either debt or equity capital to us. If we were unable to repay these obligations, the lender could foreclose on our assets, in which case our ability to continue our business and operations as then conducted would be in jeopardy. If the lender should foreclose on our assets, it is likely you would lose your entire investment in our company.

**ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS.**

None other than as previously disclosed.

**ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES.**

As described elsewhere herein, we are not in compliance with various financial covenants under the terms of the Financing Agreement and we do not expect to regain compliance prior to December 31, 2016. We are currently negotiating the terms of a forbearance agreement with Victory Park Management, LLC. We expect that the terms of the forbearance agreement will provide that the lenders will not assert an event of default under the Financing Agreement related to our non-compliance with the financial ratios through December 31, 2016, and will require us to take certain actions to satisfy all amounts we owe under the Financing Agreement by December 31, 2016. There are no assurances, however, that we will be successful in these efforts. We do not presently have sufficient funds to satisfy this obligation should Victory Park Management, LLC accelerate all amounts we owe under the Financing Agreement.

**ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES.**

Not applicable to our company's operations.

**ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION.**

None.

**ITEM 6. EXHIBITS.**

| <u>No.</u> | <u>Description</u>   |
|------------|--|
| 31.1       | Rule 13a-14(a)/ 15d-14(a) Certification of Chief Executive Officer *               |
| 31.2       | Rule 13a-14(a)/ 15d-14(a) Certification of Chief Financial Officer*                |
| 32.1       | Section 1350 Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer* |
| 101.INS    | XBRL Instance Document*  |
| 101.PRE    | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase *                                    |

101.LAB XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase \*

101.DEF XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase \*

101.SCH XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema \*

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\* Filed herewith



## SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

August 15, 2016

### **SOCIAL REALITY, INC.**

By: /s/ Christopher Miglino  
Christopher Miglino, Chief Executive Officer,  
principal executive officer

August 15, 2016

By: /s/ Rahul Thumati  
Rahul Thumati, Chief Financial Officer, principal  
financial and accounting officer